## **GLYCONEX INCORPORATION**

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

#### To GlycoNex Incorporation

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of GlycoNex Incorporation (the "Company") as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

#### **Basis** for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Company's 2021 financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

~2~

資誠聯合會計師事務所 PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan 110208臺北市信義區基隆路一段 333 號 27 樓 27F, No. 333, Sec. 1, Keelung Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei 110208, Taiwan T: +886 (2) 2729 6666, F:+ 886 (2) 2729 6686, www.pwc.tw



#### Existence and occurrence of bank deposits

#### Description

Refer to Notes 4(5) and (8) for accounting policies on cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost and Notes 6(1) and (3) for account details in the financial statements.

As at December 31, 2021, the balances of cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost amounted to NT\$311,138 thousand, constituting 22% of total assets. As the bank deposits are high risk in nature, are material to the financial statements and the determination as to whether the bank deposits qualify as cash equivalent relies on management judgement, we considered the existence and occurrence of bank deposits a key audit matter.

### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the key audit matter mentioned above:

- 1. We sent out audit confirmations to banks and financial institutions for specific agreements and bank accounts, in order to confirm the existence, rights and obligations of the related cash and cash equivalents.
- 2. We checked the term of the time deposits to determine whether it meets the definition of cash equivalents.
- 3. For year end bank reconciliations, we compared the account balance to the general ledger, as well as the balance of the bank account to bank statements, deposit books or bank confirmations, and we checked the accuracy and reasonableness of the bank reconciliation adjustments.
- 4. Inspected the source documents of significant cash receipts and payments to verify whether the transactions are for business purposes.

#### Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment

#### Description

Refer to Note 4(14) for the accounting policy on property, plant and equipment, Note 5 for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions of impairment assessment and Note 6(7) for account details in the financial statements.

As at December 31, 2021, the balance of property, plant and equipment amounted to NT\$1,021,936 thousand, constituting 73% of total assets. Management has estimated the abovementioned assets' recoverable amounts because the Company has not generated profit during the research and development stage and there is indication that the assets might have been impaired. The calculations of recoverable



amounts rely on subjective judgements and thus have a greater degree of uncertainty. Given the material amount of long-term assets, we considered the impairment assessment of long-term assets a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the key audit matter mentioned above:

- 1. We obtained the evaluation form for impairment assessment from the management to examine its reasonableness.
- 2. We assessed whether the fair value of property, plant and equipment was properly referenced to sources such as recent public transactions of similar real estate.

### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error



and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 17, 2022

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

	•		 December 31, 2021	December 31, 202		
	Assets	Notes	 AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 121,218	9	\$ 146,206	9
1136	Financial assets at amortised cost -	6(3)				
	current		189,920	13	312,216	20
1170	Accounts receivable, net		350	-	16	-
1200	Other receivables		907	-	232	-
1220	Current income tax assets		164	-	190	-
1410	Prepayments	6(4)	25,526	2	19,605	1
1470	Other current assets		 140	-	155	
11XX	Total current assets		 338,225	24	478,620	30
	Non-current assets					
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(5)				
	other comprehensive income - non-					
	current		14,200	1	19,963	1
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(6)				
	equity method		20,468	2	20,560	2
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(7)	1,021,936	73	1,054,652	67
1760	Investment property - net	6(9)	-	-	-	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(10)(28)	-	-	-	-
1900	Other non-current assets		 174		249	
15XX	Total non-current assets		 1,056,778	76	1,095,424	70
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 1,395,003	100	\$ 1,574,044	100

#### GLYCONEX INCORPORATION BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

(Continued)

GLYCONEX INCORPORATION
BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

Liabilities and	Equity Notes		December 31, 2021 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2020 AMOUNT	%
Current liabilities						
2130 Contract liabilities - cu	urrent 6(20)	\$	76	-	\$ 295	-
2150 Notes payable			900	-	900	-
2200 Other payables	6(11)		24,707	2	22,815	2
2300 Other current liabilitie	es		1,523	-	1,563	-
21XX Total current liabi	lities		27,206	2	25,573	2
Non-current liabilities						
2500 Non-current financial	liabilities at fair 6(2)					
value through profit or	r loss		-	-	-	-
2530 Corporate bonds paya	ble 6(12)		-	-	-	-
2600 Other non-current liab	bilities 6(13)(14)		8,864	1	8,894	-
25XX Total non-current	liabilities		8,864	1	8,894	-
2XXX Total liabilities			36,070	3	34,467	2
Equity						
Share capital	6(16)					
3110 Common stock			974,818	70	975,078	62
Capital surplus	6(17)					
3200 Capital surplus			563,634	40	724,073	46
Accumulated deficit	6(18)					
3350 Accumulated deficit		(	172,645) (	13) (	159,996) (	10)
Other equity interest	6(19)					
3400 Other equity interest		(	6,874)	-	422	-
3XXX Total equity			1,358,933	97	1,539,577	98
Significant contingent lia	abilities and 9					
unrecognised contract	commitments					
Significant events after t	he reporting 11					
period						
3X2X Total liabilities and e	equity	\$	1,395,003	100	\$ 1,574,044	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### <u>GLYCONEX INCORPORATION</u> <u>STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</u> <u>YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020</u> (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR LOSS PER SHARE AMOUNT)

			Year ended December 31										
				2021		2020							
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%						
4000	Operating revenue	6(20)	\$	5,475	100 \$	451	100						
5000	Operating costs	6(25)(26)	(	2,014)(	37) (	326) (	72)						
5950	Gross profit, net			3,461	63	125	28						
	Operating expenses	6(25)(26)											
6100	Selling expenses		(	4,532)(	83)(	4,785)(	1059)						
6200	General and administrative												
	expenses		(	48,846)(	892) (	52,464)(	11607)						
6300	Research and development												
	expenses		(	145,007) (	2648) (	156,991)(							
6000	Total operating expenses		(	198,385)(	3623) (	214,240)(							
6900	Operating loss		(	194,924) (	3560) (	214,115)(	47370)						
	Non-operating income and												
	expenses												
7100	Interest income	6(3)(21)		2,596	47	2,953	653						
7010	Other income	6(8)(22)		20,965	383	19,763	4373						
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(23)	(	1,185)(	22)	32,336	7154						
7050	Finance costs	6(24)		-	- (	2,475)(	548)						
7070	Share of profit of associates and												
	joint ventures accounted for												
	under the equity method			55	1	146	32						
7000	Total non-operating income												
	and expenses			22,431	409	52,723	11664						
7900	Loss before income tax		(	172,493)(	3151) (	161,392)(	35706)						
7950	Income tax expense	6(27)			- (	1,339) (	296)						
8200	Net loss		( <u></u> \$	172,493)(	<u>3151</u> ) ( <u>\$</u>	162,731)(	36002)						
	Other comprehensive (loss)												
	income												
	Components of other												
	comprehensive (loss) income that												
	will not be reclassified to profit												
	or loss												
8311	Actuarial losses on defined	6(14)											
	benefit plans		(\$	162) (	3)(\$	357) (	79)						
8316	Unrealised (losses) gains from	6(5)(19)											
	investments in equity												
	instruments measured at fair												
	value through other												
	comprehensive income		(	5,161)(	94)	8,047	1780						
8300	Total other comprehensive (loss)												
	income for the year		( <u></u> \$	5,323)(	<u>97)</u> \$	7,690	1701						
8500	Total comprehensive loss for the												
	year		(\$	177,816)(	3248) (\$	155,041)(	34301)						
	-		` <u>·</u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	^	<u> </u>							
	Loss per share (in dollars)	6(29)											
9750	Basic loss per share		( <u></u>		1.78)(\$		1.83)						
9850	Diluted loss per share		(\$		1.78)(\$		1.83)						
	r •• ••••••		<u>(</u> Ψ		<u></u> , <u>ψ</u>		)						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# GLYCONEX INCORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

			Capital Capital Reserves					_		Unre	Other Equi alised gains	ty Intere	st									
	1	Notes	Com	mon stock		nce receipts for are capital	Ca	pital surplus	Stoc	k warrants	Res	stricted stocks to employees	Ot	hers	Accum	ulated deficit	(losses assets fair va other co	) on financial measured at alue through omprehensive ncome	comp restric	nearned ensation of ted stock to aployees		Fotal equity
2020																						
Balance at January 1, 2020			\$	761,610	\$	14,314	\$	777,874	\$	-	\$	4,366	\$	-	(\$	251,564)	(\$	4,924)	(\$	821)	\$	1,300,855
Net loss for the year				-		-		-		-		-		-	(	162,731)		-		-	(	162,731)
Other comprehensive loss (income) for the year	6(19)			-		-		-		-		-		-	(	357)		8,047		-		7,690
Total comprehensive loss (income)				-	-	-		-		-		-		-	(	163,088)		8,047	-	-	(	155,041)
Issuance of common stock for cash	6(16)			50,000	(	14,314)		48,850		-		-		-	-	-		-		-	·	84,536
Compensation costs of common stock for cash	6(15)			-		-		284		-		-		9		-		-		-		293
Capital surplus used to offset against accumulated deficit	6(18)						,	0.51 .564 .								0.51 564						
Issuance of convertible bonds	((12))			-		-	(	251,564 )		-		-		-		251,564		-		-		-
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(12) 6(12)			-		-		140,261	,	6,661 6,661		-		-		-		-		-		6,661 291,388
Issuance of restricted stocks to employees	6(12)			7,500		-		140,201	C	0,001		6,668		-		-		-	(	14,168)		291,388
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other				7,500		-		-		-		0,008		-		-		-	C	14,108 )		-
comprehensive income - non-current	0(3)(17)			-		-		-				-		-		3,092	(	3,092)		-		-
Vesting of restricted stocks to employees	6(15)			-		-		3,813		-	(	3,813)		-		-		-		-		-
Retirement of restricted stocks to employees	6(15)		(	1,820)		-		-		-	(	2,675)		-		-		-		4,495		-
Compensation costs of restricted stocks to employees	6(15)			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		10,885		10,885
Balance at December 31, 2020			\$	975,078	\$	-	\$	719,518	\$	-	\$	4,546	\$	9	(\$	159,996)	\$	31	\$	391	\$	1,539,577
2021																						
Balance at January 1, 2021			\$	975,078	\$	-	\$	719,518	\$		\$	4,546	\$	9	(\$	159,996)	\$	31	\$	391	\$	1,539,577
Net loss for the year			<u> </u>	-	<u>.</u>	-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-	<u>.</u>		(	172,493)	<u> </u>	-	<u>.</u>	-	(	172,493)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	6(19)			-		-		-		-		-		-	ì	162)	(	5,161)		-	ì	5,323)
Total comprehensive loss				-		-		-		-		-		-	(	172,655)	(	5,161)			(	177,816)
Capital surplus used to offset against accumulated	6(18)							150 000							·		` <u> </u>				`	
deficit	6(5)(10)			-		-	(	159,996)		-		-		-		159,996		-		-		-
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	6(5)(19)					-				-		-		-		10	(	10)		-		-
Vesting of restricted stocks to employees	6(15)			-		-		156		-	(	156)		-		-		-		-		-
Retirement of restricted stocks to employees	6(15)		(	260)		-		-		-	(	443)		-		-		-		703		-
Compensation costs of restricted stocks to employees	6(15)			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	(	2,828)	(	2,828)
Balance at December 31, 2021			\$	974,818	\$	-	\$	559,678	\$	-	\$	3,947	\$	9	(\$	172,645)	(\$	5,140)	(\$	1,734 )	\$	1,358,933

#### GLYCONEX INCORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

			December 31			
	Notes		2021		2020	
CASH ELOWS EDOM ODED ATING A CTIVITIES						
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss before tax		(\$	172,493)	(\$	161,392)	
Adjustments		¢ψ	172,475)	¢Ψ	101,572 )	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Depreciation	6(7)(25)		39,804		40,814	
Amortization	6(25)		328		5,772	
Net loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or	6(23)					
loss			-		690	
Gain on disposal of investment property	6(23)		-	(	31,997)	
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for		,	<i></i>	,	146 >	
under the equity method	((21)	(	55)	(	146)	
Interest income	6(21) 6(24)	(	2,596)	(	2,953)	
Interest expense Compensation costs of restricted stocks to employees	6(24) 6(15)	(	2,828)		2,475 10,885	
Compensation costs of common stock for cash	6(15)	(	2,020)		293	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	0(15)				275	
Changes in operating assets						
Accounts receivable, net		(	334)	(	16)	
Other receivables		Ì	777 )	Ì	122)	
Prepayments		(	5,921)	(	14,013)	
Other current assets			15	(	135 )	
Other non-current assets		(	218)	(	506)	
Changes in operating liabilities						
Contract liabilities - current		(	219)		178	
Notes payable			-	(	1,205)	
Other payables Other current liabilities		1	1,643		3,683	
Other non-current liabilities		(	40) 165)	(	119	
		(	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(	<u> </u>	
Cash outflow generated from operations Interest received		(	143,856) 2,619	(	2,937	
Interest paid			2,019	(	1,001)	
Income taxes refund			106	(	55	
Dividends received			131		-	
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(	141,000)	(	145,720)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(		\ <u></u>	110,120)	
Decrease (increase) in financial assets measured at amortised cost			122,296	(	264,516)	
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other			,	(	201,010 )	
comprehensive income - non-current			-	(	10,000)	
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through	6(5)					
other comprehensive income - non-current			617		11,235	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(30)	(	6,839)	(	1,872)	
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties	6(9)		-		65,472	
Increase in refundable deposits (shown as other non-current			25.			
assets)		(	35)		-	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities			116,039	(	199,681)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	((12))				200,000	
Issuance of convertible bonds Redemption of bonds	6(12)		-	(	300,000	
Cost of convertible bonds	6(12)		-	(	200) 3,917)	
Issuance of common stock for cash	6(16)		-	(	85,686	
Cost of common stock for cash (shown as deduction of "capital	0(10)		-		85,080	
reserve")			-	(	1,150)	
Decrease in deposits received (shown as other non-current				(	1,150)	
liabilities)		(	27)	(	1,148)	
Net cash flows (used in) provided by financing activities		(	27)	`	379,271	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		ì	24,988)		33,870	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			146,206		112,336	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	121,218	\$	146,206	
		_				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.